

power of the Neapolitan government. It is a necessity of his position that he shall take Messina and occupy the whole island. This will require no small amount of fighting, and he probably would have aimed directly at Naples first if he had seen any decided indications that the Neapolitans would effectually support him. But the fact seems to be that they are inclined to try the faithless Bourbons yet once more, and are willing to see how much can be made out of the concessions and the new constitution offered by Bomba.

THE CALEDONIAN

BY C. M. STONE & CO.

St. Johnsbury, Friday, Aug. 17, 1860.

National Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT.

Hon. ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Hon. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, of Maine.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION, Nov. 6, 1860.

"THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES ARE THE RIGHTFUL MASTERS OF BOTH CONGRESS AND COURTS."

For Presidential Electors.

WILLIAM HENRY, of Bellows Falls.

H. G. LOOT, of Bennington.

JOSEPH WARNER, of Middlebury.

E. A. CALHOUN, of Lyndon.

D. W. C. CLARK, of Burlington.

State Republican Nominations.

For Governor.

ERASTUS FAIRBANKS, of St. Johnsbury.

For Lieutenant Governor.

LEVI UNDERWOOD, of Burlington.

For Treasurer.

JOHN B. PAGE, of Rutland.

For Member of Congress—First District.

E. P. WALTON, of Montpelier.

For Member of Congress—2d District.

JUSTIN S. MORRILL, of Stratford.

For Member of Congress—3d District.

PORTUS BAXTER, of Derby.

County Republican Nominations.

A. E. JUDEVINE, of Hardwick.

I. N. HALL, of Groton.

SERENO MONTGOMERY, of Walden.

E. A. PARKS, of Waterford.

A. L. FRECH, of St. Johnsbury.

Geo. W. CAHOON, of Lyndon.

EMERSON HALL, of St. Johnsbury.

CHAS. SHIFMAN, of Hardwick.

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with him in the Democratic ranks for twenty-five years, and he should greatly deplore any division now. The Democrats in the County and State were few enough now, but if united they could probably elect some of their County officers. He hoped the resolution would not be adopted. Mr. Potts (another one of the committee on resolutions) said if minority reports were in order, he would bring in one; so he read a resolution endorsing Breckinridge and Lane. This brought out Messrs. Foster, (who sustained himself admirably,) Theoph. Drew, G. H. Weeks, C. R. Crossman, and others, who sustained the first minority report.

Finding that the resolution was about to be carried, Mr. Barney rose and said that if the resolution was adopted the Breckinridge and Lane party would hold a separate convention and nominate a distinct County ticket at that very day. This threat had no other effect than to hasten the adoption of the resolution.

About this time the "scene" was indescribable. Some Democrats were urging harmony and conciliation, some vehemently urging the claims of either Douglas or Breckinridge, while still more were calling for the "question." The Douglas men knew that they had a large majority in the convention, and they were anxious to bring things to a crisis. And they did. The resolution passed by a large majority; whereupon Mr. Barney rose and invited all the National Breckinridge Democracy to meet at Union Hall immediately, and left the Hall, followed by a small boy with a basket of apples.

Soon others went also, and the Douglas men, now left to themselves, accepted of the report of the nominating committee, and adjourned, most of them repairing to Union Hall to see the fun. (A friend at our left says they would have done themselves credit by keeping away, and we think so too.)

The rest of the story is soon told. Esquire Delano found himself in very peculiar circumstances as President of the seceding convention; and some did not wonder at his "peculiar" feelings, as he had made a very patriotic union speech at the other convention not fifteen minutes previous! Squire Potts washed his hands from any guilt in bringing upon the party this calamity, and again urged upon the seceders the importance of adopting the ticket nominated by the Douglas men. But the convention proceeded harmoniously and regularly, completed their business, and adjourned in just forty-five minutes.

We have endeavored to give as correct a picture of affairs at these two Halls on Tuesday as possible, giving it as we do entirely from memory. We have no comments to make. Both parties are hostile to Republicans and Republican principles, but much more bitter towards each other. But we think the charge frequently made by the Breckinridge men in open convention on Tuesday, that the Republicans were pitting the Douglasites up to make trouble, cannot be sustained.

There were quite a good number at the first convention, but the Breckinridge men were not at all numerous, quite the reverse, there not being over twelve or fifteen, all told.

Two weeks ago we published a short letter from the Vermont Gold Diggings, written by one of the citizens of this place, in which the following paragraph occurred:

"When I returned to the Woodstock Hotel I found the polite landlord had turned his hotel into an express office and had sent my trunk with its array of chemicals back to St. Johnsbury by express. Between not very good accommodations and pretty stiff charges, with the carelessness of sending my trunk away, I did not find much to commend in Mr. Henry's Hotel. As another hotel is going to be opened here it may be possible for the traveler to find a more decent house."

The next week we received the following:

"Woodstock, Vt., Aug. 6.

To the Editor of the Caledonian.

Sir:—A friend called our attention to a letter published in your paper of the 31st inst., in which there were some strictures upon our hotel and we will thank you to give space to this explanation or reply.

On the 26th day of July last a person of rather rough exterior, after depositing a very unusual quantity of baggage in the lobby or hall of the house, entered his name on our register as 'F. B. Gage, Photographer for the American Stereoscopic Emporium, N. Y.' As we did not know what this long tail to the person's name was intended for, we perhaps were guilty of neglect in not showing him more attention, we suppose, however, he took his meals like other men, and his room we know was clean and comfortable. On the morning of the 27th, we furnished him with a man, horse and wagon to take him and a quantity of luggage to the old farm house where Hiram Powers was born, and on the evening of the same day the man and team were sent to bring off his load of traps, which we suppose the Photographer of the American Stereoscopic Emporium, N. Y. used in his art or kept for show, we do not know which. The next morning he left town after breakfast, making his time at the house 14 days. We usually charge one dollar and twenty-five cents a day. As his appearance did not indicate an abundance of money, and as he perhaps was not in at dinner the 27th, we asked and received of him one dollar and fifty cents for his day and a half at the house and for the man and team to the Powers place, fifty cents each trip, and we should pity any hotel keeper whose necessity for business or money would induce him, after seeing the man, to keep him the same length of time for less. So much as to what he says about 'pretty stiff charges.'

He says we 'turned our hotel into an express office and sent off his trunk.' There is not any express office in the village, and persons having parcels to send by express often leave them where he left his trunk, and the proprietor of the stage who carries express bundles, seeing this trunk marked 'St. Johnsbury—by Express,' without our knowledge forwarded it to St. Johnsbury, but on learning that it should not have been sent, he went at once to the telegraph office and directed it to be returned the next morning.

and it was returned he says without expense to the owner, and forwarded to some place in Bridgewater, as directed by him.

We frequently hear it remarked that persons who travel the least and fare the poorest at home, are the first to find fault when they are abroad. How true that may be in this case we are willing to leave to those better acquainted with the 'Photographer for the American Stereoscopic Emporium, N. Y.' than we are. There are however two things which we wish to call the gentleman's attention to, and that as publicly as he has assailed us and our business. One is, that we wish to have it distinctly understood that when it is not as much of an object for him (or any other man) to avail themselves of such accommodations as we offer, as it is to us to keep them, we choose to have them go further; and the other is, that as keepers of a public house, we have a public character and when that is assailed and we are injured by such falsehoods as he has published, we have other remedies, which might be more troublesome to the gentleman than a newspaper article, if we should see fit to employ them. Very respectfully,

GILMAN HENRY & SON."

Considering the above letter much longer than was necessary to answer the charges of our correspondent, as well as unnecessarily personal, we summed up the answer of the Messrs. Henry in a few words as possible, and gave it in our last. This did not at all satisfy the much injured proprietors of Henry's Hotel, it seems, as we received another letter from them this week demanding their first letter in our next issue. As we never like to be told what we must publish (suggestions always thankfully received,) our first impulse was to take no more notice of Gilman Henry and Son; but we finally thought we would grant them the notoriety which they so much sought, and give their letter entire, as we have. We doubt if our readers generally will consider personal abuse as any great argument; and Gilman Henry & Son may find that underneath the "rough exterior" of our correspondent there may be brains—an article that many persons of more polished exterior do not possess.

THE CALEDONIAN contains part of a private letter from Kansas, which accuses Charles Doy, who was lately murdered, of being a bad young man, and intimates that his doom was just. We have since read a letter from one of the first citizens of Kansas, published in the Boston Atlas, which gives him the noble character of the article we published from a Rochester paper. Republican papers ought not to publish letters which justify the brutal murders of the border ruffians.—Vermont Chronicle.

We have had no private letter from Kansas, and think the *Chronicle* must have found the article in some other paper and ascribed it to THE CALEDONIAN by mistake. We are not inclined to justify the acts of border ruffians in Kansas, or anywhere else. From all we can learn, the killing of young Doy was as brutal a murder as has been perpetrated anywhere at anytime; the massacres by the barbarous hordes in Syria not excepted.

Remarks were made by Messrs. Barney, Drew, Potts, Foster and others, and the resolutions were adopted.

The committee on county officers reported through their chairman as follows:

Senators,

John M. Hoyt, Lyndon.

Thomas Nelson, Jr., Ryegate.

County Judges,

Lewis H. Delano, Hardwick.

Samuel B. Mattocks, Lyndon.

Judge of Probate,

E. Chamberlin, St. Johnsbury.

State's Attorney,

T. J. Cree, Wheelock.

Sheriff,

Wm. J. Henderson, Ryegate.

Bailiff,

John W. Gleason, Barnet.

The report was accepted and adopted by the convention.

Moved by Mr. Eaton that the nominations this day made be made unanimous. Carried.

Adjourned.

Hon. T. J. CREE, President.

L. P. BROWN, Secretaries.

I. W. SAXBORN, Secretaries.

The Breckinridge Convention.

The Breckinridge and Lane Democracy met at Union Hall at 4.15 p. m., Tuesday, the 14th, and were called to order by Mr. Geo. N. Harvey of Barnet. L. H. Delano, Esq., of Hardwick, was chosen President, and Merritt Newhall of Kirby, secretary. Mr. Barney moved that a committee of five be appointed to nominate County officers to be supported by the National Democracy of this County. Mr. Potts found himself in this new convention under very peculiar circumstances; and he proposed that the convention should not go under any high sounding name, but moved it be called a social gathering. He moved that this convention adopt the County ticket nominated by the other convention by a resolve to that effect. He was overruled, and a committee of five appointed to make County nominations, Geo. C. Barney, chairman.

On motion a committee of three were appointed to draft resolutions, Geo. N. Harvey, chairman.

The committee on nominations made the following report:

For Senators, A. McMillan of Danville, David Goodall of East St. Johnsbury. For Judges, L. H. Delano of Hardwick, Merritt Newhall of Kirby. Judge of Probate, Ephraim Chamberlin of St. Johnsbury. State's Attorney, T. J. Cree of Wheelock. Sheriff, W. J. Henderson of Ryegate. Bailiff, O. G. Hale of Waterford.

The committee on resolutions then made the following report:

Resolved—That we approve of the administration of Mr. Buchanan, which has, with much dignity, withstood the ungenerous assaults of its avowed enemies, and the still more malignant detractions of its pretended friends.

Resolved—That we are proud of the brilliant record of our standard-bearers, Breckinridge and Lane, as exhibited in their public and private lives, and will use all honorable means to secure their election to the respective offices to which they were nominated by the National Democratic party.

Resolved—That we approve of the doings of the National Democratic Convention held at White River Junction on the 17th inst., and pledge to the nominees our hearty support.

On motion the Convention adjourned.

Personal and Political.

Hon. E. P. Walton has taken rooms for the summer at Marion, Mass.

Hon. Geo. P. Marsh has been elected Orator before the Alumni of Dartmouth College for 1861.

Chas. C. Dewey, formerly State's Attorney of Orange County, has located at Rochester, N. Y., and is engaged in the profession of the law.

Hawthorne is at the White Mountains.

Senator Ben Wade was talking at Cleveland, when a voice in the crowd cried out, "How about Douglas?" The Senator proceeded: "There is no Douglas! I deny the fact. [Laughter.] I once tried to coax a bound to the woods, by dropping pieces of bread and butter before him. He followed till the food was all gone, and then quietly trotted back to the house. So it is with Douglas; his 'men' will trot after him till his bread and butter are gone, and then trot after some other 'hound.'"

"It is necessary for me to explain why I am now advocating Lincoln and Hamlin. It is because no other party has dared to say anything against the outrages which were inflicted on the people of Kansas by the Administration, and doing justice to the part I was called on to act in that contest."—F. P. Stanton's Speech.

Senator Seward has lately purchased at Bagdad three elegant Arabian horses, which are to be shipped to this country.

Thaddeus Hyatt has gone to Kansas to inquire into the condition of the people of Southern Kansas, where the drought has been so severe, with a view of appealing to the country in their behalf if they need help.

A TOWN HALL STORM STORY.—The Danville (Vt.) Appeal, speaking of the hall storm that occurred at Halifax depot, on Thursday, says, "The roofs of the depot building, engine house and other buildings were perforated entirely through by the falling stones, and a man being out of doors when the storm came up, was knocked down three times before he could regain the shelter of a house."—*Bellows Falls Times*.

No such thing, must have been Danville in some other state. We don't indulge in such big hail stories in this vicinity, or such big stories, either.

LETTER FROM MRS. JOHN BROWN.—The Anglo African publishes the following letter from Mrs. John Brown, from which it appears that the extravagant reports of the receipt of large sums of money by the widow are mainly without foundation:

NEW YORK, July 25, 1860.

DEAR SIR: Your letter of inquiry came to hand last night. I have never received one cent from Hyatt; neither do I know anything about the contributions of the people of that island. I think it very wrong to report such things as I have never received any such amounts as the papers have stated. I frequently have letters applying to me for the loan of money which if the truth was known, I think would not be sent.

Yours truly,

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TWO BITES AT A CHERRY.—A divided Vermont Democracy.—*Boston Journal*.

Reports say that Frank Blair is defeated for the short term, by fraud, of course.

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